eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)

Safety Data Sheet
According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Revision date: **13/06/2016** **Version: 3.0**

Supersedes: **11/05/2016**

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)
Product code : 1504
Formula : 0027-2016
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Intended ONLY for general public

Main use category : Industrial use,Professional use,Consumer use
Industrial/Professional use spec : Used in closed systems
Wide dispersive use
Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant for internal combustion engines
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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.
Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ENI S.p.A.
P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 ROMA Italy
Tel (+39) 06 59821
www.eni.com

Contact:
Refining & Marketing and Chemicals
Via Laurentina 449 00142 ROMA Italy
Tel (+39) 06 59881 Fax (+39) 06 59885700

Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):
National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)
(+44) 844 892 0111
0870 600 6266 (UK only)
(Source: UN-WHO)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH phrases	: EUH208 - Contains Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts, Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts. May produce an allergic reaction
Child-resistant fastening	: No
Tactile warning	: No

Other:

General advice	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Physical/chemical	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
Health	: If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.,Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.,Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
Environment	: None.
Contaminants (air contaminants or other substances)	: In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S.,See Heading 16
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See Heading 16. Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Composition/information on ingredients	: Mineral base oil, severely refined Additives All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346/92 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Hazardous ingredients and/or with relevant occupational exposure limits : See table

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Mineral base oil, severely refined (Main component, For identification of the substance, see note [*])		90 - 95	Not classified
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts	(CAS No) 148520-84-7 (EC no) 800-941-4 (EC index no) N/A (REACH-no) N/D	0,1 - 0,3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	(CAS No) 70024-69-0 (EC no) 274-263-7 (EC index no) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119492616-28	0,1 - 0,3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317

Specific concentration limits:

Name	Product identifier	Specific concentration limits
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts	(CAS No) 148520-84-7 (EC no) 800-941-4 (EC index no) N/A (REACH-no) N/D	(10 =< C < 100) Skin Sens. 1B, H317
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	(CAS No) 70024-69-0 (EC no) 274-263-7 (EC index no) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119492616-28	(10 =< C < 100) Skin Sens. 1B, H317

[*] Note: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following severely refined mineral base oils (not classified as hazardous): CAS 101316-72-7/EC 309-877-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119489969-06-xxxx; CAS 64742-54-7/EC 265-157-1/REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-xxxx; CAS 64742-01-4/EC 265-101-6/REACH Reg. # 01-2119488707-21-xxxx; CAS 72623-87-1/EC 276-738-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119474889-13-xxxx; CAS 64742-71-8/EC 265-176-5/REACH Reg. # 01-2119485040-48-xxxx; CAS 64742-65-0/EC 265-169-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119471299-27-xxxx; CAS 64742-70-7/EC 265-174-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119487080-42-xxxx.
All these substances have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346/92 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs.

First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also Point 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms / injuries (general indications)	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantites is very unlikely.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration	: No information available.
Chronic symptoms	: None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
Explosion hazard	: In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ of air.
Combustion products	: Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases).,Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.),CaOx,ZnOx,POx.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing apparatus.
Other information	: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: See Section 8.

Emergency procedures	: Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX) (and when applicable for H2S (B)), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
Emergency procedures	: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit fire risk. Do not use direct jets. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Water: In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other suitable mechanical means. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable tanks or containers for recovery or safe disposal. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
Other information	: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer and mixing operations, ensure that all equipment is correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".
Handling temperature	: 0 - 65 °C

Hygiene measures	: Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from: strong oxidants.
Storage temperature	: 0 - 55 °C
Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Mineral base oil, severely refined		
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary	AK-érték	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
The Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	= 5,4 mg/m³/day (DNEL, Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	= 1,2 mg/m³/day (DNEL, Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

Monitoring methods : Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts.,Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

Note : The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use) : Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

Materials for protective clothing	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Hand protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.
Eye protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.
Skin and body protection	: Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.
Respiratory protection	: Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)
Thermal hazard protection	: If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not discharge the product into the environment. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills.
Consumer exposure controls	: No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

8.3. Hygiene measures

General protective and hygienic measures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes,Do not breathe vapours or mists.,Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags.,Do not keep dirty rags in the overall pockets.,Do not drink, eat or smoke with dirty hands.,Wash hands with water and mild soap, do not use solvents or other irritant products which have a defatting effect on the skin.,Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid, bright & clear.
Molecular mass	: Not applicable for mixtures
Colour	: Yellow to amber.
Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
pH	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Negligible.
Melting point	: -24 °C (ASTM D 97)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: ≥ 200 °C (ASTM D 1160)
Flash point	: ≥ 190 °C (ASTM D 93)
Self ignition temperature	: ≥ 300 °C (DIN 51794)

Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: ≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 875 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Viscosity, kinematic	: 145 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: None.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: LEL ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)

9.2. Other information

Additional information : No data available

The above data (9.1 - 9.2) are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	≥ 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
ATE (vapours)	5,000 mg/l/4h
ATE (dust,mist)	5,000 mg/l/4h

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)

Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	≥ 1,7 mg/l/4h (EPA OPP 81-3)

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	≥ 1,7 mg/l/4h (EPA OPP 81-3)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)
pH: Not applicable

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)
pH: Not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)
Contains a sensitizer (calcium sulphonate) in an amount > 0.1 % wt (Ref.: EC 1272/2008)
For the substances: alkyl benzensulfonic acids, calcium salts, a number of sensitization tests (on animals and human volunteers) have identified a specific lower concentration limit of 10 % (m/m) for sensitizing effects (Alworth K, Schwartz H & Erianne JA, 1995; Eisenberg RR, 1994; Shanahan RW & Erianne JA, 1994).
An amount less than this value will NOT require classification of the final mixture as Skin sensitizer (H317.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)
All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346/92 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
(according to composition)

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)

Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	
NOAEL (subacute,oral, animal/male,28 days)	≥ 500 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD Guideline 407)

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	
NOAEL (subacute,oral, animal/male,28 days)	≥ 500 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD Guideline 407)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
Viscosity, kinematic	145 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.
Other information	: None.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: According to the components, and by comparison with other products of the same type and composition, it is expected that this product has a toxicity for aquatic organisms > 100 mg/l, and must not be regarded as dangerous to the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 1000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Pimephales promelas - Ward, T.J (1993)
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/48h, EPA OTS 797.1300 (WAF) (Read-across) - Ward, T.J (1993)
LC50 fish 2	≥ 10000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Cyprinodon variegatus - Nicholson, R.B. (1986)
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/72h, EPA OTS 797.1050 (WAF) (Read-across) - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata - Ward, T.J (1994)

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 1000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) - Pimephales promelas - Ward, T.J (1993)
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/48h, EPA OTS 797.1300 (WAF) - Ward, T.J (1993)
LC50 fish 2	≥ 10000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) - Cyprinodon variegatus - Nicholson, R.B. (1986)
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/72h, EPA OTS 797.1050 (WAF) - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata - Ward, T.J (1994)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	1,5 - 9,1 % 28d - OECD 301 B / D / F

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	1,5 - 9,1 % 28d - OECD 301 B / D / F

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures

Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	
Log Kow	4,46 - 10,88 (OECD 107/117)

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	
Log Kow	4,46 - 10,88 (OECD 107/117)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

eni i-Ride Scooter (SAE 15W-50)	
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.	
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

Component	
Mineral base oil, severely refined ()	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (70024-69-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts (148520-84-7)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII. This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : None.

Additional information : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Waste disposal recommendations : European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information	: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.
Ecology - waste materials	: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
EURAL code (EWC)	: 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number				
Not regulated for transport				
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
Other information : None.				

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : None.

- Overland transport

Transport regulations (ADR) : Not subject

- Transport by sea

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Not subject

Limited quantities (IMDG) : Not applicable

- Air transport

Transport regulations (IATA) : Not subject

- Inland waterway transport

Transport regulations (ADN) : Not subject

- Rail transport

Transport regulations (RID) : Not subject

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IBC code : None.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use (Annex XVII):

3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts
3.b. Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts - Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., fractionation bottoms, heavy ends, sulfonated, calcium salts

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances.

Relevant EU Legislation	:	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace) Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding) Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances) Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds)

15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.
National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).
Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.
Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).
National adoption of Directives 75/439/CEE - 87/101/CEE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F)	:	RG 36 - Affections provoquées par les huiles et graisses d'origine minérale ou de synthèse

Germany

VwVwS Annex reference	:	Water hazard class (WGK) (D) 1, low hazard to waters (Classification according to VwVwS, Annex 4)
WGK remark	:	Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)
VbF class (D)	:	Not applicable.
Storage class (LGK) (D)	:	LGK 12 - Non-flammable liquids in non-flammable packages
12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV	:	Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

Denmark

Classification remarks	:	Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed
Recommendations Danish Regulation	:	Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:
Mineral base oil, severely refined Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]. Label elements. Formula.
Abbreviations and acronyms:

	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP calculator	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rai
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases:

Skin Sens. 1B	Sensitisation — Skin, category 1B
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
EUH208	Contains . May produce an allergic reaction

SDS EU (REACH Annex II) eni 2015

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product