

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015 Revision date: 06/09/2019 Supersedes: 08/08/2018 Version: 3.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking **Product identifier** 1.1. Product form : Mixture Trade name : Eni Antifreeze Bike S Product code : 1619 Type of product : Anti-Freeze and De-icing products Formula : 0609-2019 Product group : Trade product 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.1. **Relevant identified uses** : Professional use, Consumer use Main use category Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use Use of the substance/mixture : Antifreeze fluids Function or use category : Anti-freezing agents Uses advised against 1.2.2. No additional information available Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3. ENI S.p.A. P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 Rome Italy Phone: (+39) 06 59821 www.eni.com Contact: **Refining & Marketing** Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com **Emergency telephone number** 1.4. Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN) Poison centre (UK): National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the substa	ince or mixture		
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]			
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302		

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated H373 exposure, Category 2 Full text of H statements : see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral). Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation.

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2.2. Label elements	
Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No.	1272/2008 [CLP]
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
	GHS07 GHS08
CLP Signal word	: Warning
Hazardous ingredients and/or with relevant occupational exposure limits	: Ethandiol
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)
Precautionary statements (CLP)	 P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER, a doctor if you feel unwell. P330 - Rinse mouth. P501 - Dispose of contents and container to according to national or local regulations.
2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for cla	issification)
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients			
3.1.	Substances		
Not app	olicable		
3.2.	Mixtures		
Notes	WIXTUICS	: Composition/ Information on ingredients:	
NOICS		Ethylene glycol.	
		Rust inhibitor	
		Additives	
		Water	

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Ethandiol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1 (EC-No.) 203-473-3 (EC Index-No.) 603-027-00-1 (REACH-no) 01-2119456816-28	30 - 60	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
2-ethylhexanoic acid, sodium salt	(CAS-No.) 19766-89-3 (EC-No.) 243-283-8 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) N/D	< 1,5	Repr. 2, H361d

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: In case of doubt or persistent symptoms, consult always a physician.
First-aid measures after inhalation	Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. If casualty is unconscious and not breathing ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. Place in the recovery position.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash skin with plenty of water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice.
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First-aid measures after eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. It he person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Make him/her drink plenty of water. Get medical advice/attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: None under normal conditions at ambient temperatures.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: None to be reported.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of significant quantities (see sect. 11) may cause kidney damages, coma and death. The effects may be delayed.
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	: No information available.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically. Obtain medical attention	if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Dry chemical, CO2, or water spray or regular foam. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None specific.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the su	ubstance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Not flammable. Product with a very low risk of fire. It can create flammable mixtures or burn only when the water content has evaporated.
Explosion hazard	: Heat may build pressure in tank and containers, rupturing closed vessels, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Incomplete combustion will generate poisonous carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases. Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.).
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.
Other information	: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.
SECTION 6: Accidental release mea	isures
	quipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do s (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid direct contact with released material.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: See Section 8.

Emergency procedures

: Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

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6.1.2.	For emergency responders	
Protective equipment		: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves (preferably gauntlets) providing adequate chemical resistance. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
Emerger	ncy procedures	: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.
6.2.	Environmental precautions	

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents. Recover free liquid in suitable containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: This product is soluble in water, and usually no special measures are feasible. If possible, collect spilled product with mechanical means. Notify official Authorities when required. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.	
: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Transfer recovered product and other materials to suitable tanks or containers and store/dispose according to relevant regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and according to local legislation.	
: Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.	

6.4. **Reference to other sections**

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Store the product in cool, well ventilated surroundings. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Hygiene measures	: Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re- use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	g any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. If the product is supplied in containers: Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.
Incompatible products	: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Alkali metals.
Incompatible materials	: Do not use zinc containers. Use only the original containers or others that have been approved for this product.
Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	: Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Do not re-use empty containers.
Packaging materials	: Keep only in the original container. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer, according to the specific use conditions.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
No information available.	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1.	Control	parameters

Ethandiol (107-21-1)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ Vapours
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ Vapours
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	40 ppm
Austria	MAK (mg/m ³)	26 mg/m ³ Vapours
Austria	MAK (ppm)	10 ppm
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ Vapours
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	20 ppm
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m ³)	26 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (ppm)	10 ppm
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (ppm)	20 ppm
France	VME (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m³ Vapours
France	VME (ppm)	20 ppm
France	VLE (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ Vapours
France	VLE (ppm)	40 ppm
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m ³)	26 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol) (15 min)
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	10 ppm
Germany	TRGS 900 Limitation of exposure peaks (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol) (15 min)
Germany	TRGS 900 Limitation of exposure peaks (ppm)	20 ppm
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ Vapours
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	20 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	104 mg/m³ Vapours
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	40 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	52 mg/m³ Skin
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm Skin
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m³ Skin
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	40 ppm Skin
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ Vapours
Netherlands	MAC TGG 15 min (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ Vapours
Poland	NDS (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Spain	Notes	skin
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	25 mg/m ³ Vapours
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	10 ppm
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	50 mg/m ³ Vapours
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	20 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m ³)	104 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	40 ppm
Switzerland	MAK (mg/m³)	26 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Switzerland	MAK (ppm)	10 ppm (Inhalable aerosol)
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m ³)	52 mg/m ³ (Inhalable aerosol)
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	20 ppm (Inhalable aerosol)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³

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Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts, Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.
Eni Antifreeze Bike S	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for health
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment
Ethandiol (107-21-1)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	106 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	35 mg/m ³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	7 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	53 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	10 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	1 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	10 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	37 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	3,7 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	1,53 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	199,5 mg/l
Note	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert programment of the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limit (CCCEL) or an exposure to the scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure

toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Minimize exposure to mists/vapours/aerosol.

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Protective clothing. Safety shoes or boots.

Hand protection:

Hand protection is not required. In case of repeated or prolonged contact wear gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR), with a protection index \geq 5 (permeation time \geq 240 mins). Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

Eye protection:

Not required for normal conditions of use

Skin and body protection:

Protective apron

Respiratory protection:

Not necessary with sufficient ventilation. Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment: use full or half-face masks with adequate filter for mists and organic vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Recommended: Filter AX (brown).

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Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Thermal hazard protection:

None in normal use conditions.

Environmental exposure controls:

Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Do not discharge the product into the environment. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. **Consumer exposure controls:**

No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties				
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	: Liquid			
Appearance	: Liquid, bright & clear.			
Molecular mass	: Not applicable for mixtures			
Colour	: light red.			
Odour	: Glycol.			
Odour threshold	: No data available			
pH	: 7-9			
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available			
Melting point	: No data available			
Freezing point	: -40 °C (ASTM D 1177)			
Boiling point	: 110 °C (ASTM D 1120)			
Flash point	: No data available			
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available			
Decomposition temperature	: No data available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available			
Vapour pressure	: <0,1 mPa (20°C)			
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available			
Relative density	: No data available			
Density	: 1,06 - 1,09 kg/m³ (ASTM D 1122)			
Solubility	: Water: Complete.			
Log Pow	: No data available			
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available			
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available			
Explosive properties	: None.			
Oxidising properties	: None.			
Explosive limits	: No data available			
9.2. Other information				
of an other mornation				

Bulk density

: 1,05 - 1,09 (20°C) (ASTM D 4052)

SECT	SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1.	Reactivity				
This mix	ture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.				
10.2.	Chemical stability				
Stable p	product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).				
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions				
None (ir	n normal conditions of storage and handling).				

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants, strong acids, alkali metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates : Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.), Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological informat 11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
•	: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (oral)	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	 : (according to composition) The toxic (fatal) dose for pure ethylene glycol has been estimated 1.4 ml/kg wt (about 100 ml for an adult person). The effects may be delayed.
ATE (oral)	833,333 mg/kg bodyweight
Ethandiol (107-21-1)	
LD50 oral rat	7712 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal	> 3500 mg/kg (mouse)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2,5 mg/l (6h)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Slightly irritant but not relevant for classification (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: 7 - 9
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: 7 - 9
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Ethandiol (107-21-1)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	1500 mg/kg bodyweight Mouse
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	 (according to composition) This product contains a substance (2-ethylhexanoic acid, sodium salt) classified as Repr. 2, H361 (CLP) according to the criteria of EU Suspected of damaging fertility. The actual relevance of these effects in man is not certain.
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
STOT-repeated exposure Additional information	 May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral). (according to composition) There are potential chronic health effects to consider The ethylene glycol present in this formulation may cause intoxication, central nervous system depression (incoordination, dizziness), respiratory failure, liver and kidney damage.
Ethandiol (107-21-1)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day 12 months.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed). Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist.
Other information	None.

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SECTION 12: Ecological informat	ion
2.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - water	: This product is soluble in water.
Acute aquatic toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
ethanediol; ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15380 mg/l (LC10 - 96h)
LC50 fish 2	72860 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	8590 mg/l (EC10 - 48h)
EC50 Daphnia 2	100 mg/l
EC50 96h algae (1)	3536 - 13000 mg/l
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l (EC10)
NOEC (chronic)	15380 - 32000 mg/l
2.2. Persistence and degradability	
Eni Antifreeze Bike S	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "readily biodegradable".
ethanediol; ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0,36 - 0,4 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1,21 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	1,26 g O₂/g substance
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Eni Antifreeze Bike S	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
ethanediol; ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Log Pow	-1,36
2.4. Mobility in soil	
Eni Antifreeze Bike S	
Ecology - soil	No data available.
2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assess	sment
Eni Antifreeze Bike S	
This substance/mixture does not meet the	PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
	vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered as "Not persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
2.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	: None.
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	tions

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste treatment methods	: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.		
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.		
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 16 01 14* (antifreeze fluids containing dangerous substances). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.		

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Additional information	: Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.
Ecology - waste materials	: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
EURAL code (EWC)	: 16 01 14* - antifreeze fluids containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADN / ADR / IATA / IMDG / RID

ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADN	RID	
14.1. UN number					
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2. UN proper shippi	ng name				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.3. Transport hazard	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.4. Packing group	14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.5. Environmental hazards					
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
	None.				

14.6. Special precautions for user

- Overland transport

Not regulated

- Transport by sea

Not regulated

- Air transport

Not regulated

- Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

- Rail transport

Not regulated

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

IBC code

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3(b) Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or	Eni Antifreeze Bike S - 2-ethylhexanoic acid,
categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7	sodium salt - Ethandiol
adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than	
narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December Other information, restriction and prohibition · 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals regulations (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of majoraccident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds).

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15.1.2. **National regulations**

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace. Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC). National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE). Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution. Germany Reference to AwSV : Water hazard class (WGK) (D) 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1) Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift WGK remark wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) VbF class (D) : Not applicable. : LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids Storage class (LGK) (D) Employment restrictions Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed. : Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance) 12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV Other information, restrictions and prohibition : TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances regulations TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous Substances: Inhalation Exposure TRGS 500: Protective measures TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits Netherlands Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : ethanediol; ethylene glycol is listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting : None of the components are listed giftige stoffen - Borstvoeding NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting : None of the components are listed giftige stoffen - Vruchtbaarheid NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting : None of the components are listed giftige stoffen - Ontwikkeling Denmark **Danish National Regulations** : Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

15.2. **Chemical safety assessment**

For this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been not carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

Ethandiol

SECTION 16: Other information

Section	Changed item	Change	Notes	
1.1	Formula	Modified		
3 Composition/information on ingredients		Modified		
3.2	Notes	Modified		
5.1	Suitable extinguishing media	Modified		
7.2	Incompatible products	Modified		
7.2	Incompatible materials	Modified		
8.1	DNEL/DMEL and PNEC values	Added		
9.1	Density	Modified		
9.1	Freezing point	Modified		
15.1	Other information, restrictions and prohibition regulations	Modified		
15.1	REACH Annex XVII	Modified		
16	Indication of changes	Added		

Abbreviations and acronyms:

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		e H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and ond to the classification of the product.				
	N/A = not applicabl	N/A = not applicable				
	N/D = not available					
ADN	European Agreeme	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways				
ADR	European Agreeme	ent concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road				
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estir	nate				
BCF	Bioconcentration fa	ctor				
CLP	Classification Labe	lling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008				
DMEL	Derived Minimal Ef	fect level				
DNEL	Derived-No Effect I	Level				
EC50	Effective concentra	tion for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)				
IARC	International Agence	y for Research on Cancer				
IATA	International Air Tra	ansport Association				
IMDG	International Maritir	ne Dangerous Goods				
LC50	Lethal concentratio	n for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)				
LD50	Lethal dose for 50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)				
LOAEL	Lowest Observed A	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level				
NOAEC	No-Observed Adve	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration				
NOAEL	No-Observed Adve	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level				
NOEC	No-Observed Effect	No-Observed Effect Concentration				
OECD	Organisation for Ec	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development				
PBT	Persistent Bioaccur	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic				
PNEC	Predicted No-Effec	Predicted No-Effect Concentration				
REACH	Registration, Evalu	ation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006				
RID	Regulation concern	ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways				
SDS	Safety Data Sheet					
STP	Sewage treatment	plant				
vPvB	Very Persistent and	d Very Bioaccumulative				
Data sources		: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.				
raining advice	9	: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.				
Other informati	on	: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.				
Full text of H- :	and EUH-statements:					
Acute Tox. 4		Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4				
Repr. 2	(,	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2				
STOT RE 2		Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2				
H302		Harmful if swallowed.				
H361d		Suspected of damaging the unborn child.				
11070						

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	H302	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method

SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.